

SAFETY DATA SHEET

According to Regulation (EC) No 453/2010

Version 1.3

Revision Date: 16.11.2016 Printing Date: 16.11.2016

www.eamaterials.com

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : **Methanol**

Included product code : MEOH010-2.5, MEOH010-4.0, MEOH012-2.5,

MEOH012-4.0, MEOH011-2.5P, MEOH011-25P, MEOH011-25M, MEOH011-200M, MEOH008-2.5P, MEOH008-25P, MEOH008-25M, MEOH008-200M,

MEOH006-2.5P, MEOH006-25P, MEOH006-25M,

MEOH006-200M

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

Uses advised against : Not applicable

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Elite Advanced Materials Sdn Bhd

Lot 34, Jalan RP2, Rawang Perdana Industrial Estate, 48000 Rawang, Selangor, Malaysia

E-mail address : enquiry@eamaterials.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency phone : +60 3-6091 4200 (Local business hours only)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flammable liquids	Category 2
Acute toxicity, Oral	Category 3
Acute toxicity, Inhalation	Category 3



Acute toxicity, Dermal	Category 3
Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure	Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)	Category 1

2.2 Label elements

Labeling in compliance to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Hazard pictograms







GHS02

GHS06

GHS08

Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H301 + H311 + H331 Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H370 Causes damage to organs. (Eyes)

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No

smoking

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

<u>Response</u>

P301 + P310 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

doctor/physician. Rinse mouth.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.



P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a

position comfortable for breathing.

P307 + P311 IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant

foam for extinction.

<u>Storage</u>

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

2.3 Other hazards

Not available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance

Synonyms: Methyl Alcohol

Formula : CH₄O

Molecular Weight: 32.04 g/mol

CAS-No. : 67-56-1

Component	Identity		Classification Code	H- Code	Concentration (by wt)
Methanol	CAS-No.: EC-No.	:67-56-1 : 200-659-6	Flam. Liq. 2	H225	<=100 %
	Index-No.	: 603-001-00-X	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	H301	
			Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	H311	
			Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation)	H331	
			STOT SE 1	H370	

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of First Aid measures

General information



Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

Move person into fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.

In case of skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash off with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician.

In case of eye contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.

If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Give nothing to drink. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and delayed symptoms and effects

Breathing difficulties. May cause blindness: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment

No data available.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, or carbon dioxide (CO_2) to extinguish flames.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water may be ineffective

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

The vapour is heavier than air, spreads along the ground and distant ignition is possible. Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs.

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Date of revision: 16.11.2016 Version 1.3 Page **4** of **12**



5.4 Further information

Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not discharge into drains or waterways. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

Information on waste treatment, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precaution for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Wear personal protective equipment. Use only under a chemical fume hood. Keep container tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep the container tightly closed in a cool dry, well-ventilated place. Keep away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight. Avoid accumulation of electrostatic charges.

7.3 Specific end use

No further relevant information available.



SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Component	ACGIH TLV	ACGIH-STEL	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Methanol	TWA: 200 ppm Skin	TWA: 250 ppm Skin	(TWA) (mg/m³) TWA: 260	250 ppm, STEL:325 mg/m³
			mg/m³ (TWA) (ppm) TWA: 200 ppm	200 ppm, TWA: 260 mg/m³

8.2 **Exposure control**

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Protective clothing needs to be selected specifically for the workplace, depending on concentrations and quantities of the hazardous substances handled.

Eye/ face protection

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. A face shield may also be necessary. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

Skin protection

Wear chemical resistant overall. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Full contact*

Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.3 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:Butoject® (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M)

Splash contact*

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.4 mm

Break through time: 31 min

Material tested: Camatril® (KCL 730 / Aldrich Z677442, Size M)

*Source – Sigma Aldrich, 2015

Body protection

Complete suit protecting against

Date of revision: 16.11.2016 Version 1.3 Page **6** of **12**



chemicals, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type AXBEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Color : colorless
Ordor : pungent

Ordor threshold : Not determined pH - value : Not determined

Melting point / Range : -97.6 °C

Boiling point / Range : $64.7 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \,^{\circ}\text{C} \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 760 mmHg Flash point : $11 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \,^{\circ}\text{C} \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ [closed cup]

Evaporation rate : 5.2 (ether = 1)

Flammability limit - LEL : 6%(V)Flammability limit - UEL : 36%(V)

Vapour pressure : 130.3 hPa at 20.0 °C

169.27 hPa at 25.0 °C

Vapor density (air = 1) : 1.11

Density : 0.792 g/cm³ at 25.0 °C

Bulk density : Not determined Solubility(ies) : Not determined

Water solubility : completely miscible

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -0.77

Auto-ignition temperature : 455.0 °C at 1.013 hPa

Decomposition temperature : Not determined

Viscosity : 0.54mPa.s at 25°C

Explosive properties : Not determined

Oxidising properties : Not determined



Surface Tension : 0.02255 N/m @ 20°C

9.2 Other information

Not applicable

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Accumulation of electrostatic charges, heating, heat, flames and hot surfaces

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Acid anhydrides, Acid chlorides, Strong bases, Metals, Peroxides

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Formaldehyde

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGY INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LDLO Oral - Human - 143 mg/kg

Remarks: Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Dyspnea. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea,

vomiting and diarrhoea.

LD50 Oral - Rat - 1.187 - 2.769 mg/kg

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 4 h - 128.2 mg/l

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 6 h - 87.6 mg/l

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 17,100 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - rabbit



Remarks: Not irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - rabbit

Remarks: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Maximisation Test (GPMT) - Guinea pig - OECD Test Guideline 406 - Does not cause skin sensitisation.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity in vitro - Ames test - S. typhimurium - with and without metabolic activation - negative

Genotoxicity in vitro - in vitro assay - fibroblast - negative

Mutation in mammalian somatic cells.

Genotoxicity in vivo - Mouse - male and female - Intraperitoneal – negative

Carcinogenicity

IARC: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

Reproductive toxicity

Damage to fetus not classifiable

Fertility classification not possible from current data.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Causes damage to optic nerve.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to kidney, liver, spleen, blood

Aspiration hazard

No aspiration toxicity classification

Potential health effects

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory tract irritation.

Ingestion Toxic if swallowed.

Skin Toxic if absorbed through skin. May cause skin irritation.

Eyes May cause eye irritation.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Methyl alcohol may be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed.

Effects due to ingestion may include:, Headache, Dizziness, Drowsiness, metabolic acidosis, Coma, Seizures.

Symptoms may be delayed. Damage of the:, Liver, Kidney



Additional Information

RTECS: PC1400000

SECTION 12: ECOLOGY INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotoxicity

Toxicity to fish	mortality LC50 - Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill) - 15.400,0 mg/l - 96 h NOEC - Oryzias latipes - 7.900 mg/l - 200
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 10.000,00 mg/l - 48
Toxicity to algae	Growth inhibition EC50 - Scenedesmus capricornutum (fresh water algae) - 22.000,0 mg/l - 96 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability	aerobic - Exposure time 5 d
	Result: 72 % - rapidly biodegradable

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation	Cyprinus carpio (Carp) - 72 d at 20 °C -5 mg/l
	Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,0

12.4 Mobility in soil

Will not adsorb on soil.

12.5 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information	Avoid release to the environment.
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)	600 – 1,120 mg/g
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)	1,420 mg/g

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment method



Product

Burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable. Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 1230	IMDG: 1230	IATA-DGR: 1230	

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID:	METHANOL
IMDG:	METHANOL
IATA-DGR:	Methanol

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 (6.1)	IMDG: 3 (6.1)	IATA-DGR: 3 (6.1)	

14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: II	IMDG: II	IATA-DGR: II
	1/4/20.11	1/ \1/ \ D \ D \ \ \ \ 1

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no	14.7	ADG Marine pollutant: no	IATA-DGR: no
ADR/RID: NO	1/\/	$M : M \to MM \cap M \cap H \cap M $	IAIA-IU-R'NO

14.6 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No data available

14.7 Special precautions for user

No data available

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

No data available



SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

This information is based on present level of our knowledge, however, this shall not constitute a guarantee product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

Relevant phrases:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

R11 Highly flammable

R36 Irritating to eyes

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness

Abbreviations:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

RID : Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

Notice to reader

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the products and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular application.

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet comes from sources believed to be accurate or otherwise technically correct. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. The users are advised to carry out their own evaluation of the material to determine suitability in their application. We do not accept liability for any loss or damage that may occur from the use of this information nor do we offer warranty against patent infringement.